

Sample Infection Prevention and Control Quality Improvement Plans



The examples shown below are for your reference. Proper quality improvement plans should be individualized to the situation, staff, and facility.

	Responsible Person(s): Administrators, Managers, Staff	Timeline: Implement plan strategies by [date]. <i>Example: Daily audits for one week, then twice weekly for 2 weeks, then monthly.</i>
Area of Improvement	Planned Action	Resources
Hand Hygiene Compliance <i>Examples:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lack of hand hygiene education • Did not provide annual hand hygiene education 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ensure hand hygiene stations and products are readily accessible to staff and patients. 2. Initiate routine hand hygiene audits. 3. Provide feedback to staff on a monthly basis and as issues are identified. 4. Provide education at new employee orientation, staff meetings, and huddles. 5. Provide mandatory education and training annually and as necessary when concerns are identified. 6. Change culture starting with administration, making hand hygiene a priority. 	CDC Hand Hygiene Audit Tool ESRD NCC Hand Sanitizer Audit Tool Test Your Hand Hygiene Knowledge Tutorial Preventing Bloodstream Infections in Outpatient Hemodialysis Patients Video

	Responsible Person(s): Administrators, Managers, Staff Biomedical Staff	Timeline: Implement plan strategies by [date]. <i>Example: All staff will be educated in 2 weeks. Start weekly personal protective inventory checks.</i>
Area of Improvement	Planned Action	Resources
Isolation and Standard Precautions <i>Examples:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lack of supplies • Did not provide education or training on isolation 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ensure personal protective equipment (PPE) supplies are available for staff use. 2. Provide ongoing education and training to new and existing employees; make information readily and easily accessible to staff members. 3. Report monthly progress to the QAPI Committee. 4. Perform routine infection control audits and provide feedback to staff. 	Optimize PPE Supply Guidelines for Isolation Precautions Isolation for Adults with COVID-19

	Responsible Person(s): Administrators, Managers, Staff	Timeline: Implement plan strategies by [date]. <i>Example: Infection control plan will be implemented by (add date).</i>
Area of Improvement	Planned Action	Resources
Pandemic Event (COVID-19 Preparation) <i>Examples:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lack of a formal infection control training plan • No policies that address monitoring for COVID-19 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Implement CDC COVID-19 control and mitigation strategies. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Educate annually, at hire, and when guidelines change regarding expectations of care. • Monitor compliance with screening patients, visitors, and staff for symptoms. • Reinforce hand hygiene, transmission-based precautions, cohorting, and other best-practice interventions. • Ensure necessary care products are available to staff (PPE, cleaning supplies, hand hygiene products, etc.). 2. Report monthly progress to the QAPI Committee. 3. Stay informed on current national and international COVID-19 literature and practice. 	Guidelines for Patients with Suspected or Confirmed COVID-19 COVID-19 Outpatient Dialysis Facility Preparedness Assessment Tool

	Responsible Person(s): Administrators, Managers, Staff, Physicians	Timeline: Implement plan strategies by [date]. <i>Example: Tracking tool completed in 2 weeks (add date). RN to monitor monthly and update.</i>
Area of Improvement	Planned Action	Resources
Vaccination <i>Examples:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Does not have a tracking system for staff and patient vaccinations • Lack of documentation that staff and patients have been offered vaccines 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ensure staff and patients are offered vaccination per local, state, and federal guidelines. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assess and document healthcare worker and patient vaccination status (flu/pneumonia). • Educate staff and patients on the risks and benefits of vaccination. • Offer vaccination. • Require healthcare workers and patients to provide proof of vaccination or immunity against specific vaccine-preventable disease(s). 2. Stay informed on current national and international vaccination recommendations, especially regarding COVID-19 vaccine development. 	Guidelines for Vaccinating CDC Vaccination Protocol

